

Bioservo

Sector: Tech/MedTech

Edging closer to the inflection point

Redeye adjusts the short-term estimates downward due to a slightly more challenging business environment. The changes in estimates negatively affect our fair value range; however, we are still optimistic about the long-term prospects of both Ironhand and Carbonhand. We lower our Base case to SEK 16 (18) per share.

Q1 numbers - activity levels push costs

The sales development was slightly more potent than expected; however, the numbers are still relatively small relative to the potential. The total activity levels regarding sales seem to have picked up somewhat during the first half of 2022. The cost levels during the first quarter adjusted for a non-recurring cost were also slightly higher than we expected.

Adjusting our estimates downward

We have adjusted our expectations downward on the top line for the rest of the year. The business climate is uncertain, and many prospective clients have other issues to handle. For the long term, we are relatively unconcerned as the potential for solid growth is there. The GM trials came in better than expected, as communicated on the recent WeaRAcon. This is encouraging, however the sales development at GM will still be dependent on local factors such as unions, which are hard to estimate. The lowered expectation on the volumes shipped during 2022E. In light of the slightly increased cost base, we also adjusted our cost upwards for 2022E and to a lower extent in the following years.

Lowering valuation - investment case unchanged

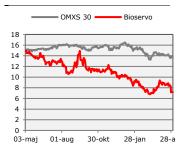
Redeye reduces the short-term sales estimates and margins for primarily 2022E but also to a lesser degree for the following years. With these adjustments, we lower our fair value range, and the new Base case is SEK 16 (18), Bear Case at SEK 8 (10), and Bull Case at 26 (28). We are still very optimistic about the long-term prospects for Bioservo. There are several attractive potential catalysts for the share during the next 12 months.

Key Financials (SEI	2020	2021	2022E	2023E	2024E
Net sales	12	7	21	44	67
Revenue growth	26%	-39%	196%	107%	53%
EBITDA	-22	-31	-28	-20	-11
EBIT	-26	-35	-33	-26	-17
EBIT Margin (%)	-225%	-488%	-157%	-59%	-25%
Net Income	-26	-35	-33	-26	-13
EV/Revenue	14,9	42,5	13,0	6,9	4,7
EV/EBITDA	neg	neg	neg	neg	neg
EV/EBIT	neg	neg	neg	neg	neg

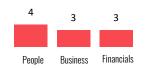
FAIR VALUE RANGE

BEAR	BASE	BULL
8	16	26

BIOS VERSUS OMXS30



REDEYE RATING



KEY STATS

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13

Comment on the Q1 report

The Q1 report showed better net sales and total operating revenue development. This is, of course, encouraging solid sales growth even from low levels. The sales relative to our identified sales potential is still minor. We expect Bioservo to continue to gradually improve its sales even if the progress by quarter can be uneven. The sales development depends on the efforts ramped up during the last quarters when the pandemic's effects faded away. The reception in the US market on tradeshows and other events has been very positive.

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The cost was higher than anticipated; however, of the deviation, a large part (60%) was the SEK 3m for investigating the commercial opportunities for Carbonhand in the American market. The higher personnel cost is also an effect of the higher activity level and the anticipating of higher sales levels as we advance.

Given the comments from GM, which were better than expected, the long-term potential seems intact. The only issue could be if and how this will influence sales in short to medium term. We hope that GM will place some orders for a limited number of Ironhand during 2022E, while other operators have followed the GM trials and will most likely try out the Ironhand system. We have adjusted our total number of systems sold during 2022E due to increased general uncertainty in the market.

Bioservo: Estimate (MSEK)												
(SEKm)	2020	2021Q1	2021Q2	2021Q3	2021Q4	2021	2022Q1	2022Q2	2022Q3	2022Q4	2022	2023
Net sales	11,7	1,5	1,0	2,3	2,3	7,1	2,9	4,2	6,0	7,9	21,0	43,5
Gross Profit	5,1	0,4	0,6	0,1	0,8	1,9	2,6	2,1	3,1	4,0	11,7	23,1
EBITDA	-22,3	-8,0	-9,8	-5,2	-7,5	-30,5	-11,0	-7,3	-4,7	-4,7	-27,8	-20,0
EBIT	-26,3	50,0	50,0	50,0	50,0	-34,7	-12,1	-8,6	-6,1	-6,2	-33,0	-25,7
EPS	-1,7	-0,6	-0,7	-0,3	-0,4	-1,8	-0,6	-0,5	-0,3	-0,3	-1,7	-1,4
Growth (%)	26%	-50%	-80%	30%	13%	-39%	96%	339%	156%	243%	196%	107%
Gross margin	44%	28%	62%	4%	37%	27%	87%	50%	51%	50%	56%	53%
EBITDA margin (%)	-191%	-529%	-1030%	-222%	-328%	-430%	-374%	-174%	-79%	-60%	-132%	-46%
EBIT margin (%)	-225%	3327%	5230%	2137%	2173%	-488%	-412%	-204%	-101%	-79%	-157%	-59%
Net income margin (%)	-225%	-598%	-1139%	-269%	-369%	-488%	-412%	-204%	-101%	-79%	-157%	-59%

Source: Redeye Research

With the downward adjustment on our estimate of systems sold for Ironhand during 2022E, net sales are affected negatively. In light of the increased personnel cost during Q1, we increase that post for 2022E. The other external costs are also adjusted due to the higher cost during the quarter, while we estimate that the levels for the remaining part of 2022E are at more normal levels.

Bioservo: Estimate cha	inge (MSEK)		
MSEK	2022E	2023E	2024E
Net sales			
Old	27	48	68
New	21	44	67
% change	-21%	-9%	-2%
EBITDA			
Old	-23	-20	-11
margin	-86%	-42%	-16%
New	-28	-20	-11
margin	-104%	-42%	-16%
% change	21%	0%	0%
EBIT			
Old	-28	-24,3	-15
margin	-103%	-51%	-22%
New	-33	-26	-17
margin	-124%	-54%	-24%
% change	20%	6%	11%

Source: Redeye Research

Long term market view

There are clear benefits from the systems provided by Bioservo, either for Industrial use (Ironhand) or Healthcare use (Carbonhand). The indicative total available market is vast in both fields. The market value is over EUR 3bn for the industrial verticals (Ironhand). The TAM for Carbonhand is also a high numbers game, with a TAM of EUR 9.5bn for the Assistive and EUR 5.5bn market for the Rehab market. These do not indicate the market's potential and not the actual sales.

Indicative TAM - Industrial - EUR 3bn market

TAM	Ironhand	- Hardwaro	and consumables	
I AIVI.	ironnand	- naroware	and consumables	

Name		
Total		
EU		
US 954 000 963 540 963 540 963 540 Japan 725 000 732 250 739 573 746 96 Construction Total 15 500 000 15 752 000 16 009 040 16 271 22 EU 5 200 000 5 304 000 5 410 080 5 518 28 US 7 400 000 7 548 000 7 698 960 7 692 96 Japan 2 900 000 2 900 000 2 900 000 2 900 000 2 900 000 Aerospace Total 1 406 000 1 420 660 1 434 261 1 448 60 EU 870 000 878 700 887 487 896 36 US 509 000 514 090 519 231 524 42 Japan 27 000 27 270 27 543 27 81 Estimated number employees potential usage Mutomotive 131 370 133 494 135 366 137 27 EU 81 000 82 620 28 906 28 90 28 90 US 28		4 706 540
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	6 562	568
Share % employees eligable Auto 30/, 30/, 30/, 30/	0 499 251	506 979
Onato // Onlylogodo ongable Auto 5/0 5/0 5/0 5/0 5/0	6 3%	3%
Share % employees eligable Construction 2% 2% 2% 2% 2%	6 2%	2%
Share % employees eligable Aerospace 2% 2% 2% 2%	6 2%	2%
ASP per Hardware (EUR) 5000 5100 5202 530	6 5412	5520
ASP consumables (2/year) (EUR) 800 800 80	0 800	800
TAM, WW (EURm) 2 723 2 814 2 906 3 00	2 3 101	3 204
Hardware (EURm) 2 347 2 432 2 519 2 60	9 2 702	2 799
Consumables (EURm) 376 382 387 39	3 399	406
TAM, WW (SEKm) 27 829 28 758 29 703 30 68	2 31 697	32 748
SEK/EUR 10,2 10,2 10,2 10,2	2 10,2	10,2
Price increase /year 0% 2% 2% 29	6 2%	2%

Indicative TAM - Lifescience - EUR 5.5 - 9.5 bn market

Potential Units at penetration rates	Assistive	Glove volume	Rehab	Glove volume	Total TAM - Glove volume
	Penetratation rate %		Penetratation rate %		
Mussculoskeletal injuries	2%	995 852	1%	497 926	
Reduced hand function - aging	2%	131 200	0%	0	
Traumatic injuries (CNS)	1%	615 200	1%	307 600	
Stroke	2%	315 216	2%	315 216	
Arthritis	2%	260 624	2%	195 468	
Celebral Palsy	2%	47 760	2%	47 760	
Multiple Sclerosis	2%	8 573	2%	8 573	
Tetraplegic Spinal cord injury	2%	2 555	2%	2 555	
Total units		2 376 980		1 375 098	3 752 078
Price Carbonhand (EUR)		4000		4000	4000
TAM, WW (EURm)		9 508		5 500	15 008
TAM, WW (SEKm)		97 171		56 214	153 385
SEK/EUR SEK/EUR		10,2		10,2	10,2

Financial Forecasts

The outcome of the Q1 report makes us make some changes in the short-term estimates. The stronger than expected net sales and total operating income are favorable; however, we are a little bit more uncertain of the volumes that Bioservo will be able to sell during 2022E. This is mainly due to the general uncertainty in the market and not to Bioservo specifically. There seems to be significant interest in the market; especially the US appears to open up to these solutions in the industry; thus, we leave our long-term views almost unchanged.

The cost levels are up a bit more than we expected; of course, some of these costs are non-recurring, and we expect more normal levels of external cost in the coming quarters. However, we adjust our personnel cost slightly higher for the year.

Bioservo: Estimate (MSEK)												
(SEKm)	2020	2021Q1	2021Q2	2021Q3	2021Q4	2021	2022Q1	2022Q2	2022Q3	2022Q4	2022	2023
Net sales	11,7	1,5	1,0	2,3	2,3	7,1	2,9	4,2	6,0	7,9	21,0	43,5
Gross Profit	5,1	0,4	0,6	0,1	0,8	1,9	2,6	2,1	3,1	4,0	11,7	23,1
EBITDA	-22,3	-8,0	-9,8	-5,2	-7,5	-30,5	-11,0	-7,3	-4,7	-4,7	-27,8	-20,0
EBIT	-26,3	50,0	50,0	50,0	50,0	-34,7	-12,1	-8,6	-6,1	-6,2	-33,0	-25,7
EPS	-1,7	-0,6	-0,7	-0,3	-0,4	-1,8	-0,6	-0,5	-0,3	-0,3	-1,7	-1,4
Growth (%)	26%	-50%	-80%	30%	13%	-39%	96%	339%	156%	243%	196%	107%
Gross margin	44%	28%	62%	4%	37%	27%	87%	50%	51%	50%	56%	53%
EBITDA margin (%)	-191%	-529%	-1030%	-222%	-328%	-430%	-374%	-174%	-79%	-60%	-132%	-46%
EBIT margin (%)	-225%	3327%	5230%	2137%	2173%	-488%	-412%	-204%	-101%	-79%	-157%	-59%
Net income margin (%)	-225%	-598%	-1139%	-269%	-369%	-488%	-412%	-204%	-101%	-79%	-157%	-59%

Source: Redeye Research

Valuation

Following our lowered short term estimates our valuation is lowered while we still see a very interesting growth case given the potential in the market. We still expect a strong sales development during the coming years even if the development could be uneven over the quarters.

In using our DCF model we see an upside of over 100% from our new Base case of SEK 16 (18) per share. Given that the company is in an early commercialization phase a DCF model is the most relevant method as the EV multiples are still high given the negative results. Our new fair value range is SEK 8 (10) to 26 (28) for the Bear and Bull cases respectively.

DCF assumptions in Bas	e			
Assumptions:	2022E-2026E 202	6E-2035E		DCF-value
CAGR Revenue	58%	15%	WACC	11%
Average EBIT-margin	-46%	18%	NPV of FCF	107
			NPV of Terminal Value	158
Terminal				
Sales growth	2,0%		Sum of NPV	265
EBIT-margin	18%		Net Debt	-39
			DCF-value	303
			Fair value per share	16
			Current share price	7

Summary Redeye Rating

The rating consists of three valuation keys, each constituting an overall assessment of several factors that are rated on a scale of 0 to 1 points. The maximum score for a valuation key is 5 points.

Rating changes in the report

We have gone through our proprietary rating system and made changes primarily in the Financials section where the rating has changed from a 1 to a 3. In the People and Business section the rating stays the same even if some ratings have changed but have had no effect on the totals.

People: 4

Business: 3

Financials: 3 (1)

	2021	2022E	2023E	2024E	DCF Valuation Metrics		s	um FCF	(SEKm)
INCOME STATEMENT					Initial Period (2022–2026)				-51,3
Revenues	7	21	44	67	Momentum Period (2027–2	2031)			89
Cost of Revenues	5	9	20	30	Stable Period (2032–)				227
Gross Profit	2	12	23	37	Firm Value				265
Operating Expenses	32	39	43	47	Net Debt (last quarter)				-38,6
EBITDA	-31	-28	-20	-11	Equity Value				303
Depreciation & Amortization	4	5	6	6	Fair Value per Share				16,0
EBIT	-35	-33	-26	-17					
Net Financial Items	0	0	0	0		2021	2022E	2023E	2024E
EBT	-35	-33	-26	-17	CAPITAL STRUCTURE		0.0	0.0	
Income Tax Expenses	0	0	0	0 0	Equity Ratio	0,9	0,9	0,3	-1,4
Non-Controlling Interest Net Income	-35	-33	-26	-13	Debt to equity Net Debt	0,0 -52	0,0 -22	0,0 3	0,0 17
Net income	-33	-33	-20	-13	Capital Employed	63	30	4	-8
BALANCE SHEET					Working Capital Turnover	2,2	16,7	16,7	16,7
Assets					working capital ramovel	2,2	10,7	10,7	10,7
Current assets					GROWTH				
Cash & Equivalents	52	22	-3	-17	Revenue Growth	-39%	196%	107%	53%
Inventories	6	2	4	7	Basic EPS Growth	10%	-5%	-22%	-51%
Accounts Receivable	1	2	4	7	Adjusted Basic EPS Growth	10%	-5%	-22%	-35%
Other Current Assets	7	2	3	5	•				
Total Current Assets	65	27	9	2	PROFITABILITY				
					ROE	-55%	-71%	-151%	576%
Non-current assets					ROCE	-55%	-111%	-624%	196%
Property, Plant & Equipment,	0	0	0	1	ROIC	-330%	-339%	-328%	-212%
Goodwill	0	0	0	0	EBITDA Margin (%)	-430%	-132%	-46%	-16%
Intangible Assets	8	7	5	3	EBIT Margin (%)	-488%	-157%	-59%	-25%
Right-of-Use Assets	0	0	0	0	Net Income Margin (%)	-488%	-157%	-59%	-19%
Shares in Associates	0	0	0	0					
Other Long-Term Assets	0	0	0	0					
Total Non-Current Assets	8	7	5	4	VALUATION				
					Basic EPS	na	-1,7	-1,4	-0,7
Total Assets	74	34	14	6	Adjusted Basic EPS	na	-1,7	-1,4	-0,9
					P/E	na	neg	neg	neg
Liabilities					EV/Revenue	na	13,0	6,9	4,7
Current liabilities					EV/EBITDA	na	neg	neg	neg
Short-Term Debt	0	0	0	0	EV/EBIT	na	neg	neg	neg
Short-Term Lease Liabilities	0	0	0	0	P/B	na	9,9	71,8	neg
Accounts Payable Other Current Liabilities	6 5	3 2	5 4	8 7					
Total Current Liabilities	11	5	10	15	SHAREHOLDER STRUCTU	DE		CAPITAL	OTES 9
Total Culterit Liabilities	11	3	10	13	Tellacq AB	\L	`	17,3%	17,3%
Non-current liabilities					Anders Lundmark			8,2%	8,2%
Long-Term Debt	0	0	0	0	Adrigo Asset Management			5,8%	5,8%
Long-Term Lease Liabilities	0	0	0	0	Tomas Ward			3,5%	3,5%
Other Long-Term Liabilities	0	0	0	0	Magnus Lundberg			2,4%	2,4%
Total Non-current Liabilities	0	0	0	0				,	•
					SHARE INFORMATION				
Non-Controlling Interest	0	0	0	0	Reuters code				BIOS
Shareholder's Equity	63	30	4	-8	List			Firs	t North
Total Liabilities & Equity	74	34	14	6	Share price				7,2
					Total shares, million				18,0
CASH FLOW									
NOPAT	-35	-33	-26	-17					
Change in Working Capital	-4	2	-1	-1	MANAGEMENT & BOARD				
Operating Cash Flow	-34	-26	-21	-8	CEO			Petter B	äckgren
					CFO			eleine Bö	•
Capital Expenditures	0	0	-1	-2	Chairman		Α	nders Lu	ndmark
Investment in Intangible Asso	-2	-4	-2	-3					
Investing Cash Flow	-2	-4	-3	-5				_	
	_			_	ANALYSTS				leye AB
Financing Cash Flow	35	0	0	0	Mats Hyttinge	Mäs		elsgatan	
Free Cash Flow	-36	-30	-25	-13			1	l 11 57 Sto	CKHOIM

Redeye Rating and Background Definitions

Company Quality

Company Quality is based on a set of quality checks across three categories; PEOPLE, BUSINESS, FINANCE. These are the building blocks that enable a company to deliver sustained operational outperformance and attractive long-term earnings growth.

Each category is grouped into multiple sub-categories assessed by five checks. These are based on widely accepted and tested investment criteria and used by demonstrably successful investors and investment firms. Each sub-category may also include a complementary check that provides additional information to assist with investment decision-making.

If a check is successful, it is assigned a score of one point; the total successful checks are added to give a score for each sub-category. The overall score for a category is the average of all sub-category scores, based on a scale that ranges from 0 to 5 rounded up to the nearest whole number. The overall score for each category is then used to generate the size of the bar in the Company Quality graphic.

People

At the end of the day, people drive profits. Not numbers. Understanding the motivations of people behind a business is a significant part of understanding the long-term drive of the company. It all comes down to doing business with people you trust, or at least avoiding dealing with people of guestionable character.

The People rating is based on quantitative scores in seven categories:

Passion, Execution, Capital Allocation, Communication, Compensation, Ownership, and Board.

Business

If you don't understand the competitive environment and don't have a clear sense of how the business will engage customers, create value and consistently deliver that value at a profit, you won't succeed as an investor. Knowing the business model inside out will provide you some level of certainty and reduce the risk when you buy a stock. The Business rating is based on quantitative scores grouped into five sub-categories:

• Business Scalability, Market Structure, Value Proposition, Economic Moat, and Operational Risks.

Financials

Investing is part art, part science. Financial ratios make up most of the science. Ratios are used to evaluate the financial soundness of a business. Also, these ratios are key factors that will impact a company's financial performance and valuation. However, you only need a few to determine whether a company is financially strong or weak.

The Financial rating is based on quantitative scores that are grouped into five separate categories:

• Earnings Power, Profit Margin, Growth Rate, Financial Health, and Earnings Quality.

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Mats Hyttinge owns shares in the company : No

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